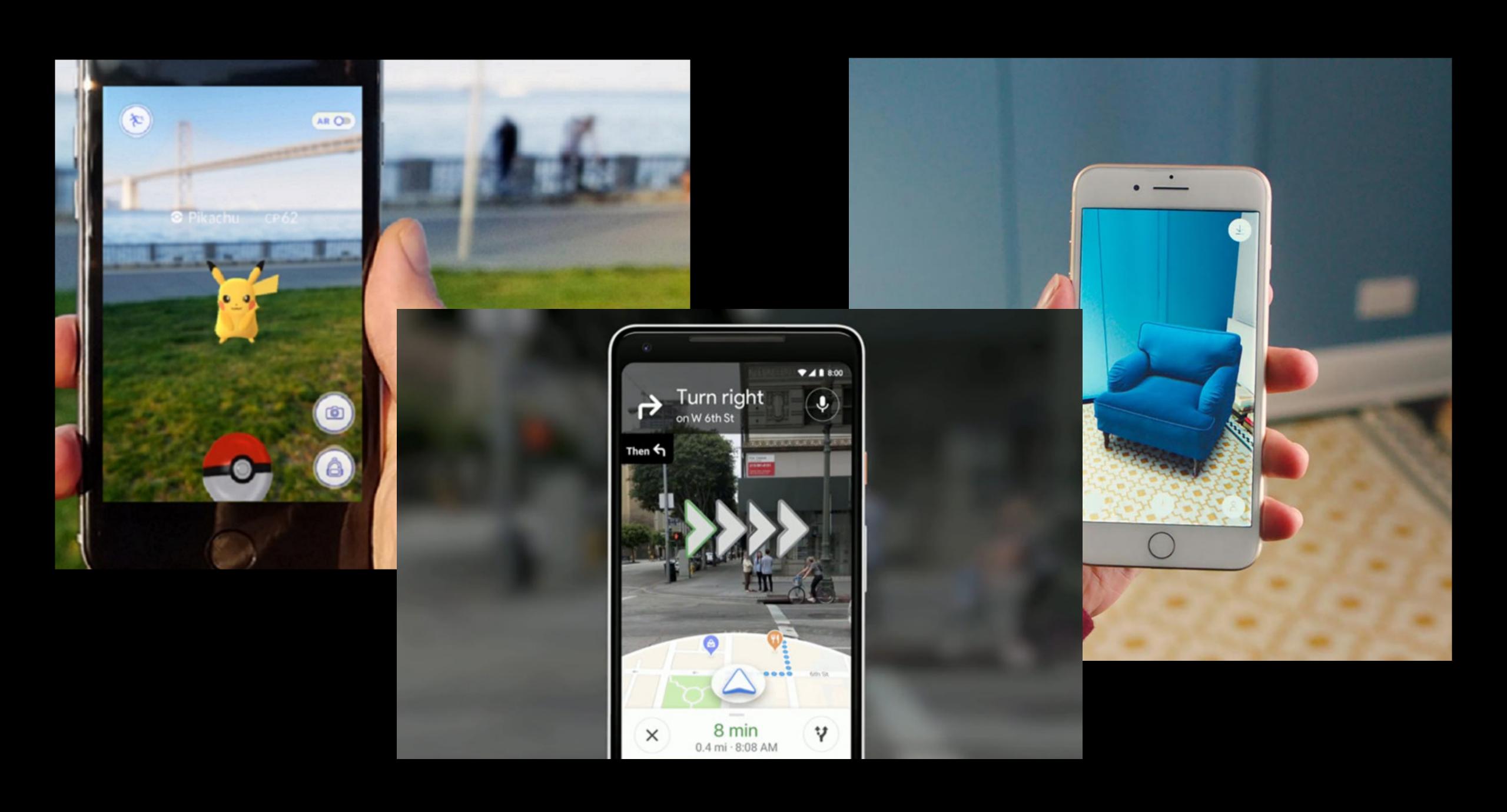
Location Based AR

(with React Native and friends)

Augmented reality (AR) apps are super cool!



But a lot of augmented reality apps are contrived.

The most promising AR apps are contextual.

The most important context? Your location.

It seems simple...

Your phone has a GPS receiver.

Your phone has a compass.

Math exists.

Do we even need an AR system?

Who am 1?

Brandon Johnson
@brandon_mn on Twitter
https://brandon.mn

I am a freelance software engineer ♣ who (mainly) builds React Native apps ♣, AR experiences ♣ and the systems ➡ that power them.

I also run JavaScriptMN, ServerlessMN, and help out with Mpls Jr Devs.

Let's get coffee sometime!



What if we wanted to place a signpost over the Spoonbridge and Cherry?



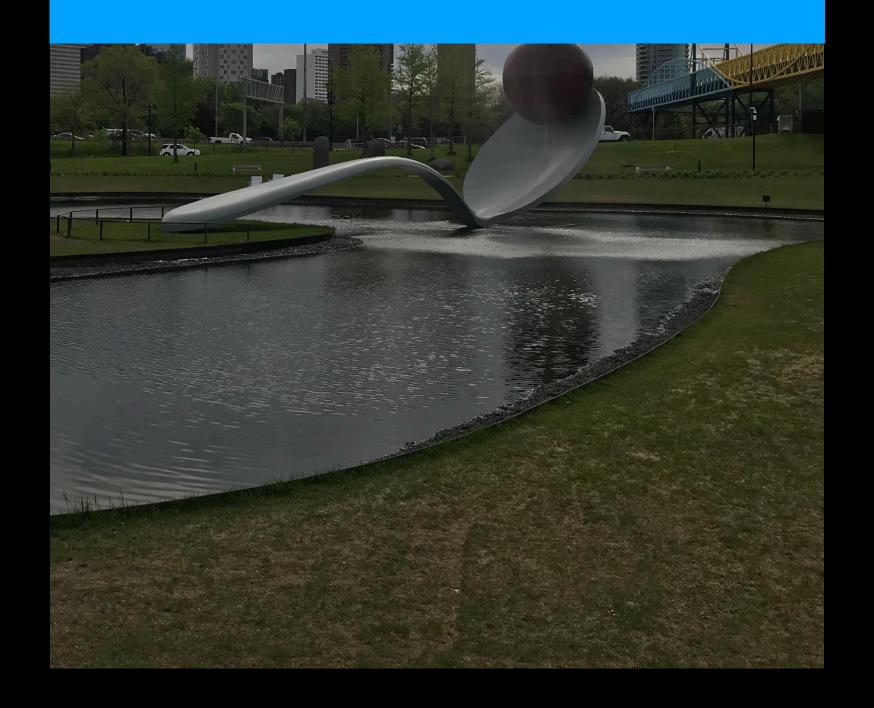






- The billboard should be located "at" the sculpture
- It should "face us" and follow us as we rotate
- It be "placed" so that you can tell what it is

it me!



A "head's-up display" isn't good enough.

And on the web, right now, that's the best we can do.

How do we add depth?

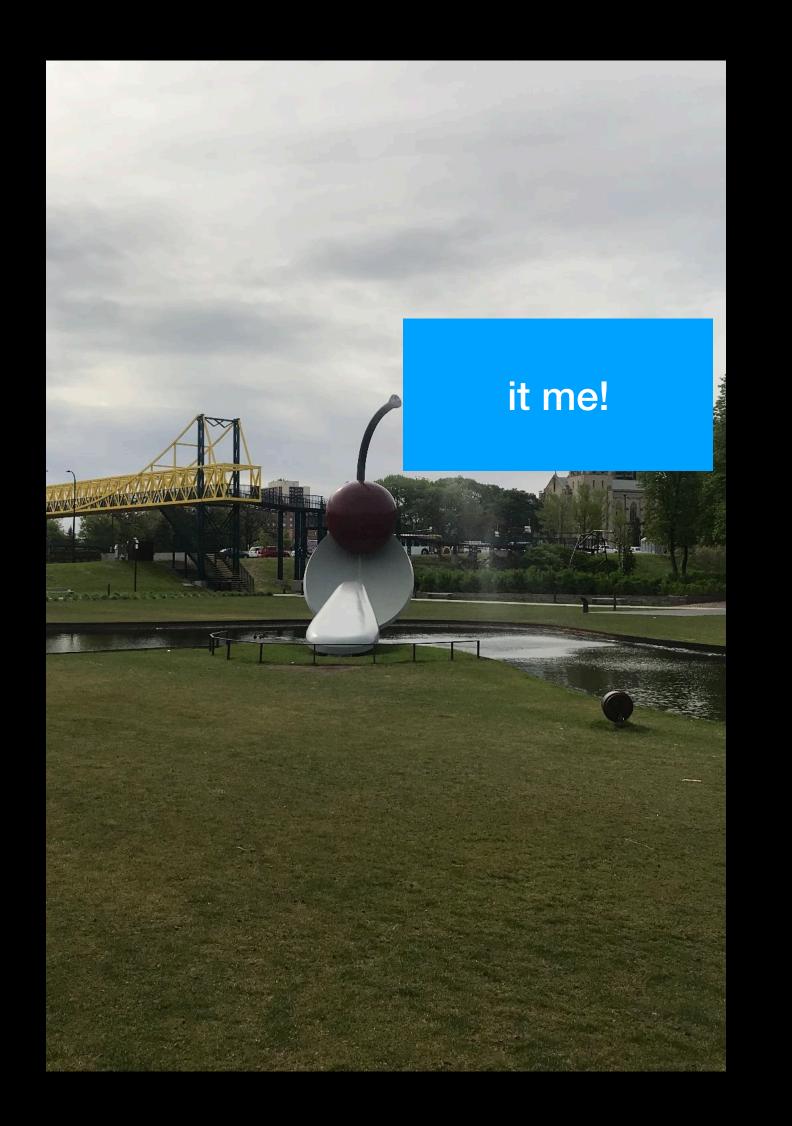
How can we *smooth over* bad location and heading data?

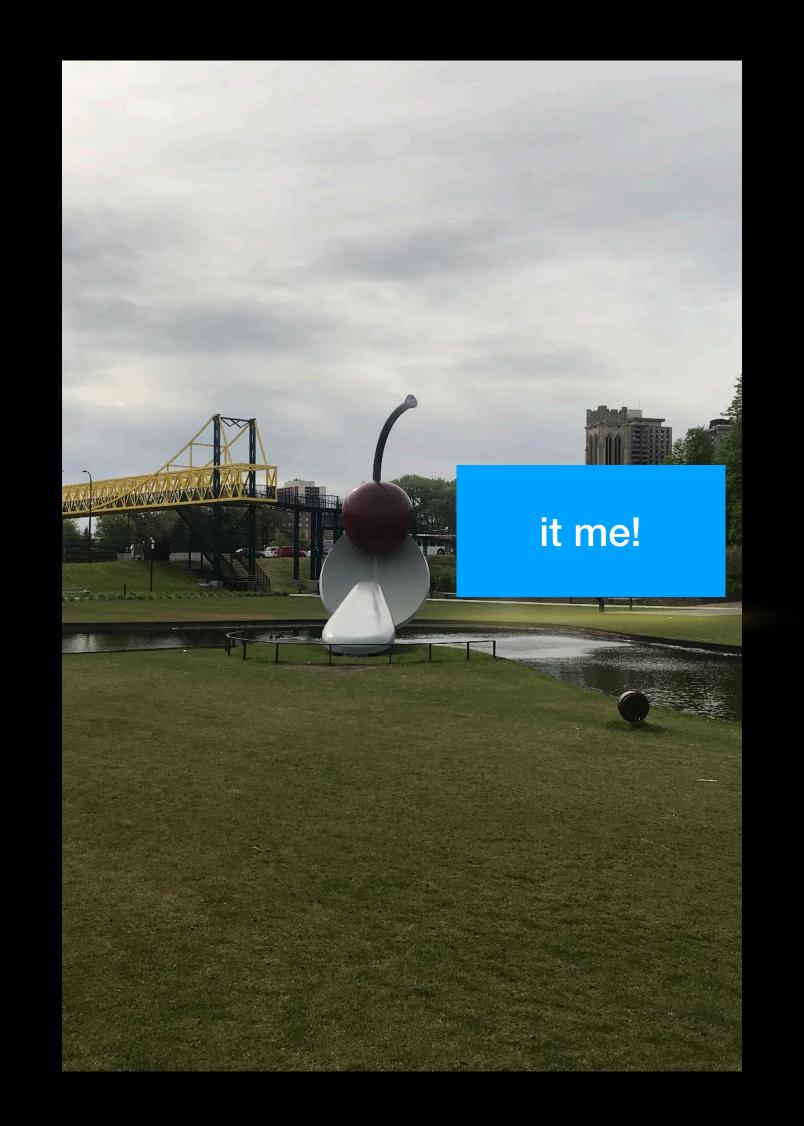
visual inertial odometry

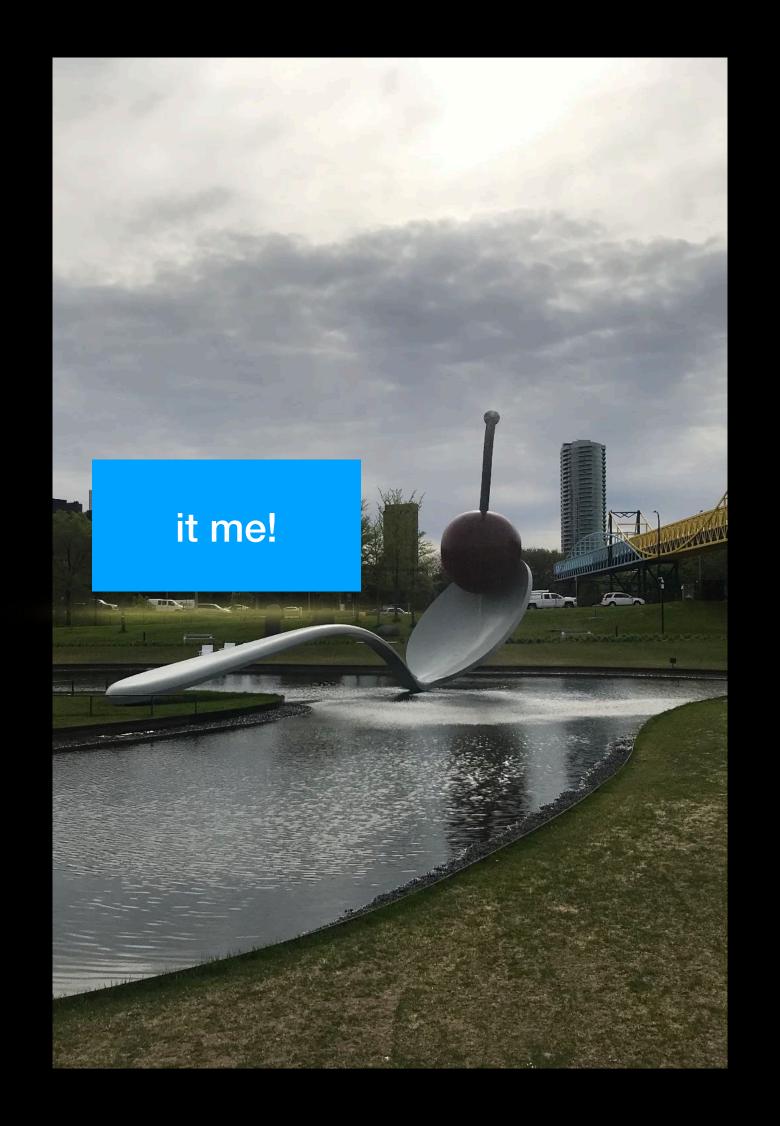
ARKit and ARCore

- Your device's visual inertial odometry implementation
- Uses accelerometers to measure the phone's movement in your hand
- Uses the camera image + some fancy math (+ lasers, if you're lucky enough to have lasers) to detect surfaces
- No matter which framework you use, ARKit and ARCore are used under-the-hood









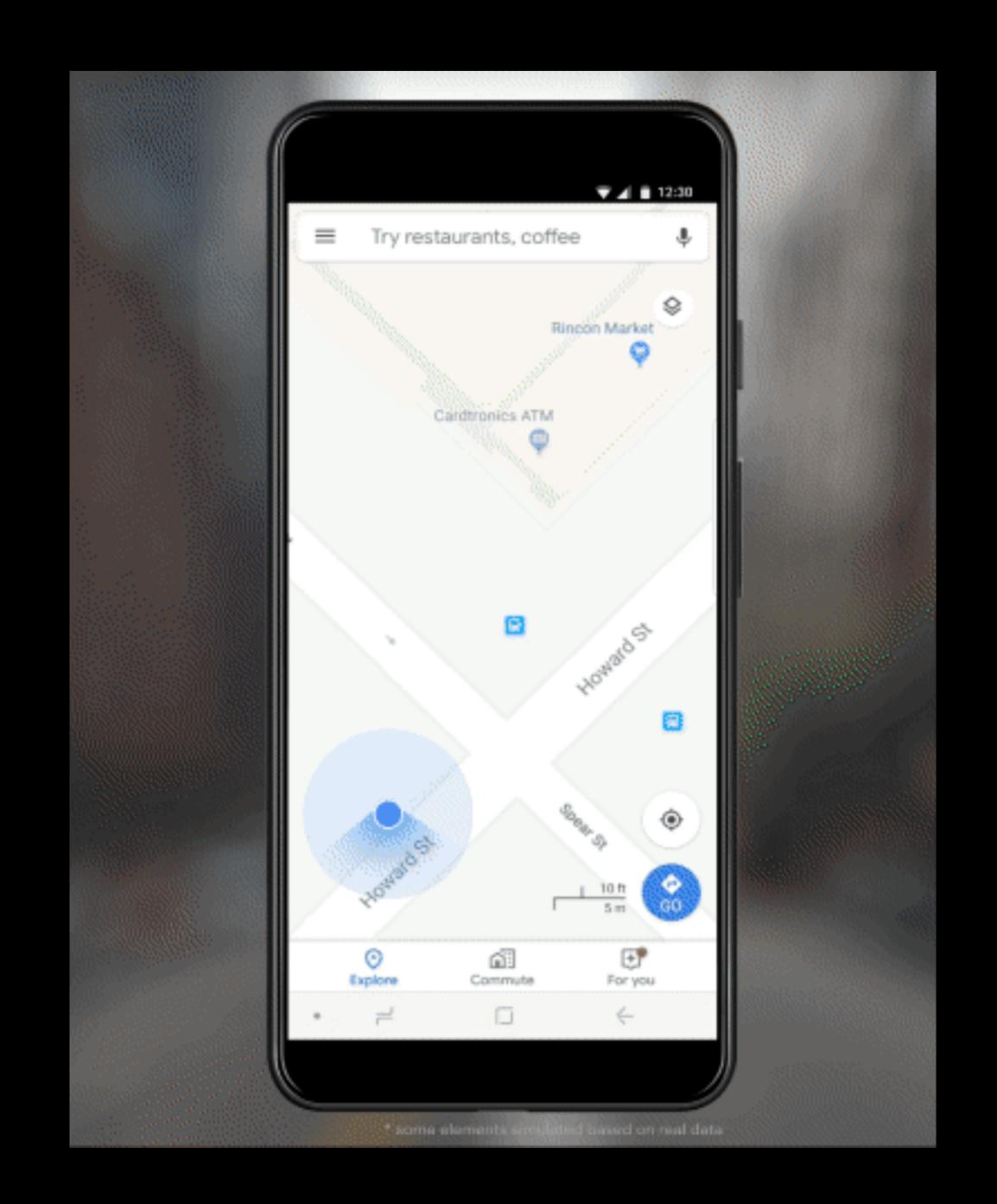
It seems simple...

Your phone has a GPS receiver.

Your phone has a compass.

Math exists.

But Location Based AR is still extremely difficult to get right.



WHAT GOOGLE'S DOING

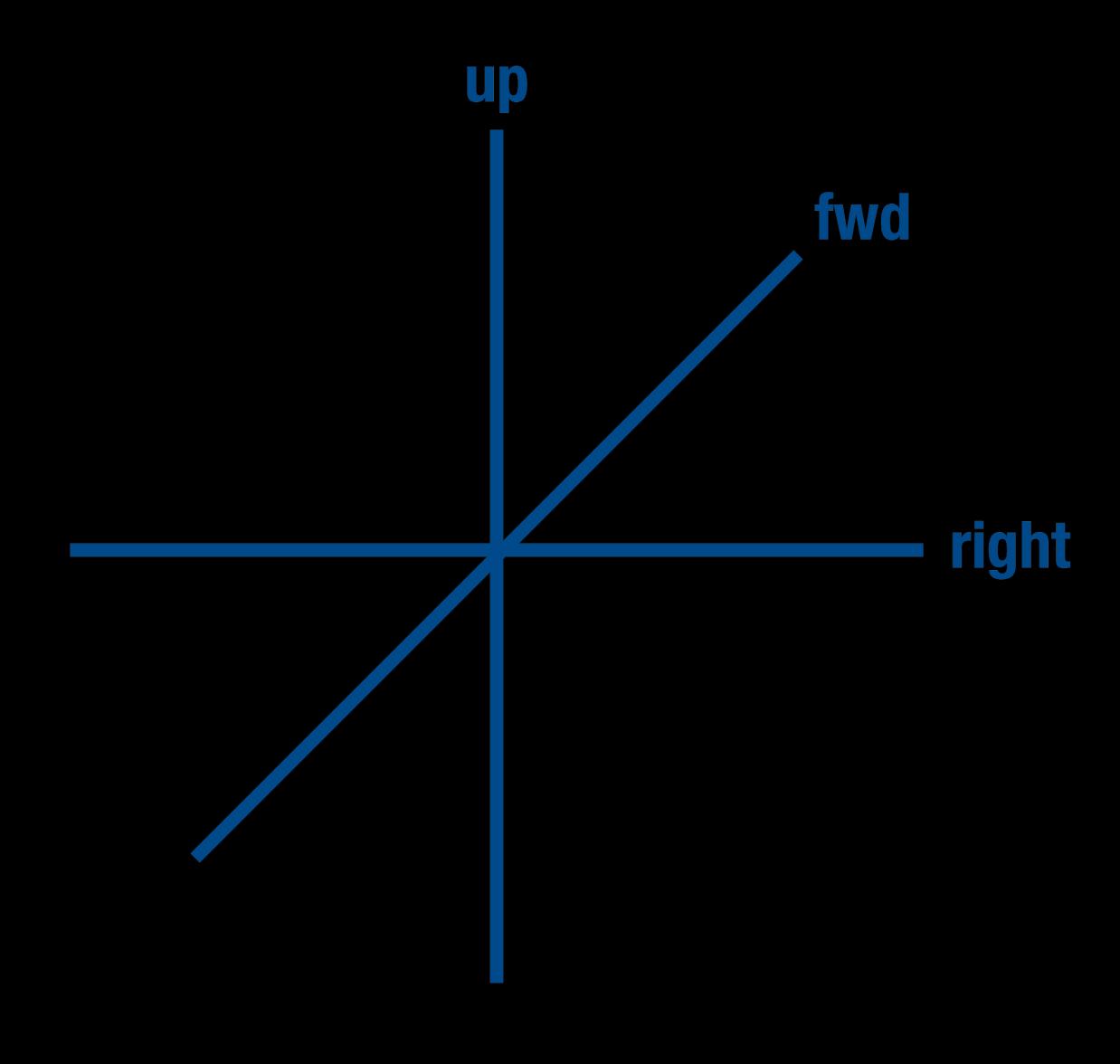
- Smoothing over inconsistent GPS and compass readings is a hard problem
- Google's masking the calibration process with a cool AR experience
- The rest of us don't have access to the same tools, because we're not masssive companies
- But we've got our own tricks up our sleeves!

CHOOSE YOUR FIGHTER:

- Game Engines: Unity, Unreal (both cross-platform)
- Low-Level Graphics Libraries: SceneKit (iOS), OpenGL for Android
- Plugins for Hybrid Mobile Apps: react-native-arkit
 Viro for React Native

Your 3D framework offers...

- A way to represent text, images, or objects in 3D
- A way to place things at an (x, y, z) coordinate in space
- A way to rotate things on each axis



AR

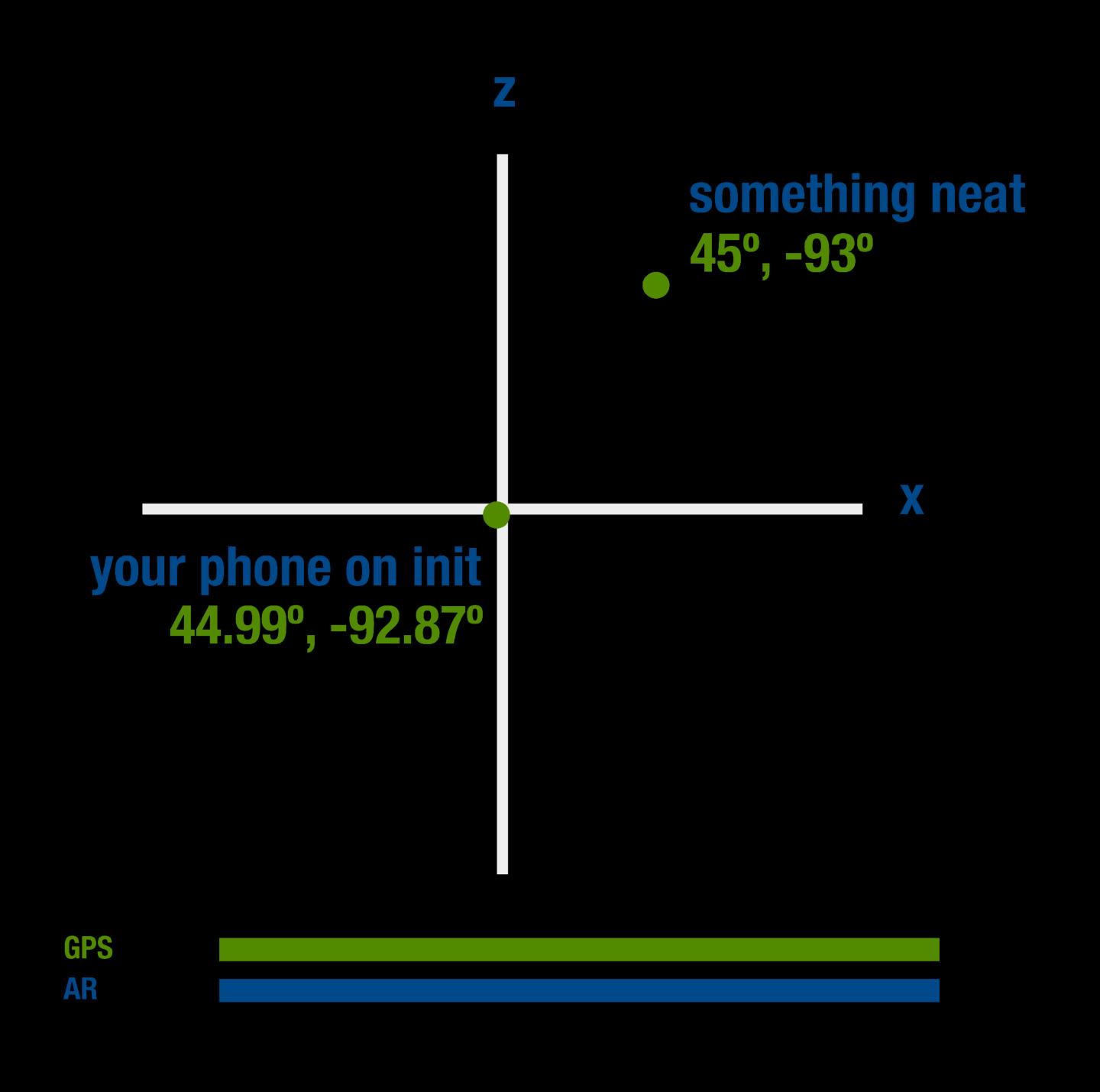
You'll need to:

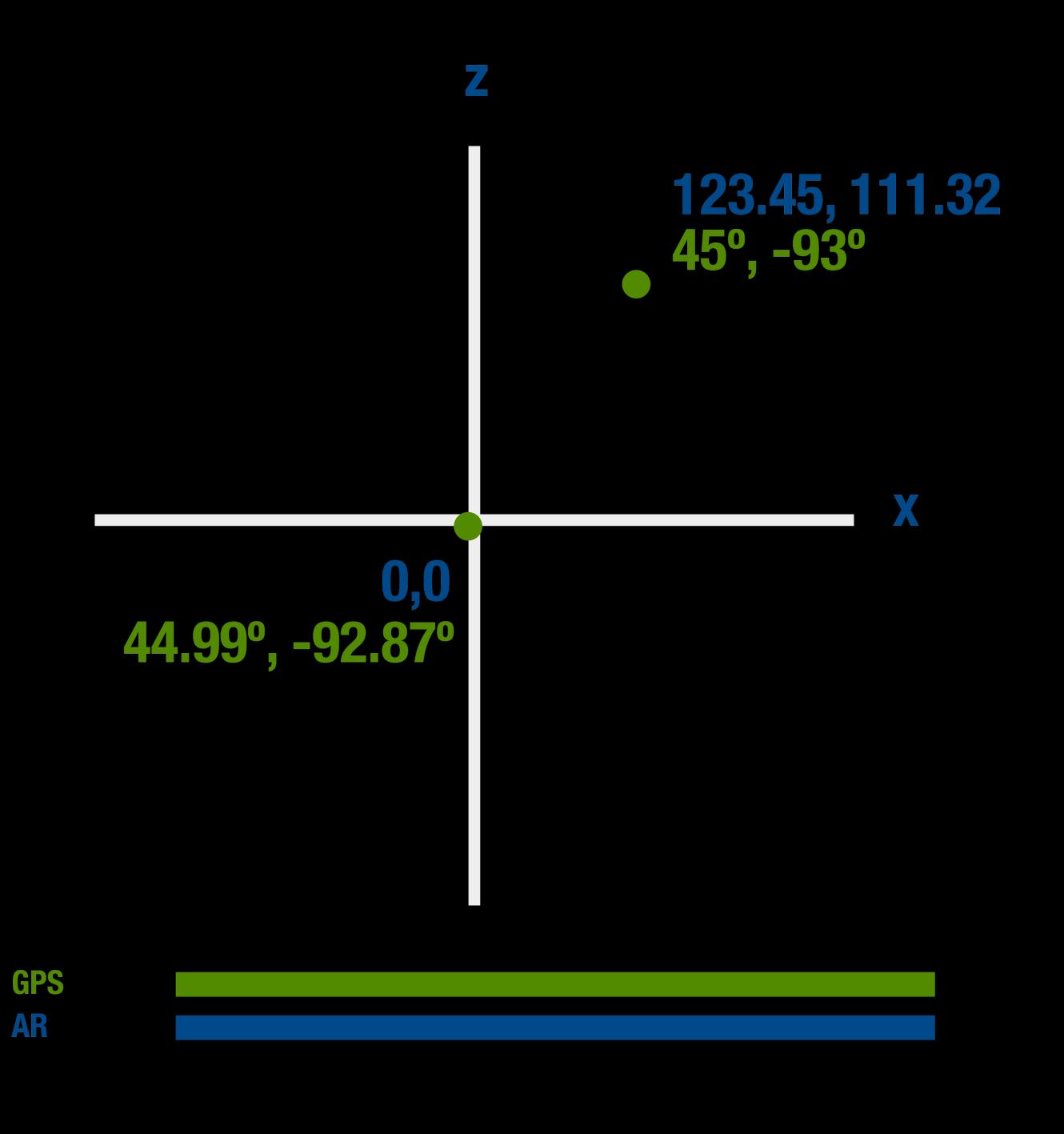
- Get position data from your phone's GPS receiver and find a way to use it in the 3D world
- Get compass heading data from your phone's compass and find a way to use that to rotate the 3D world
- Determine when to listen to your phone's GPS and compass, and when to listen to the AR system for position information

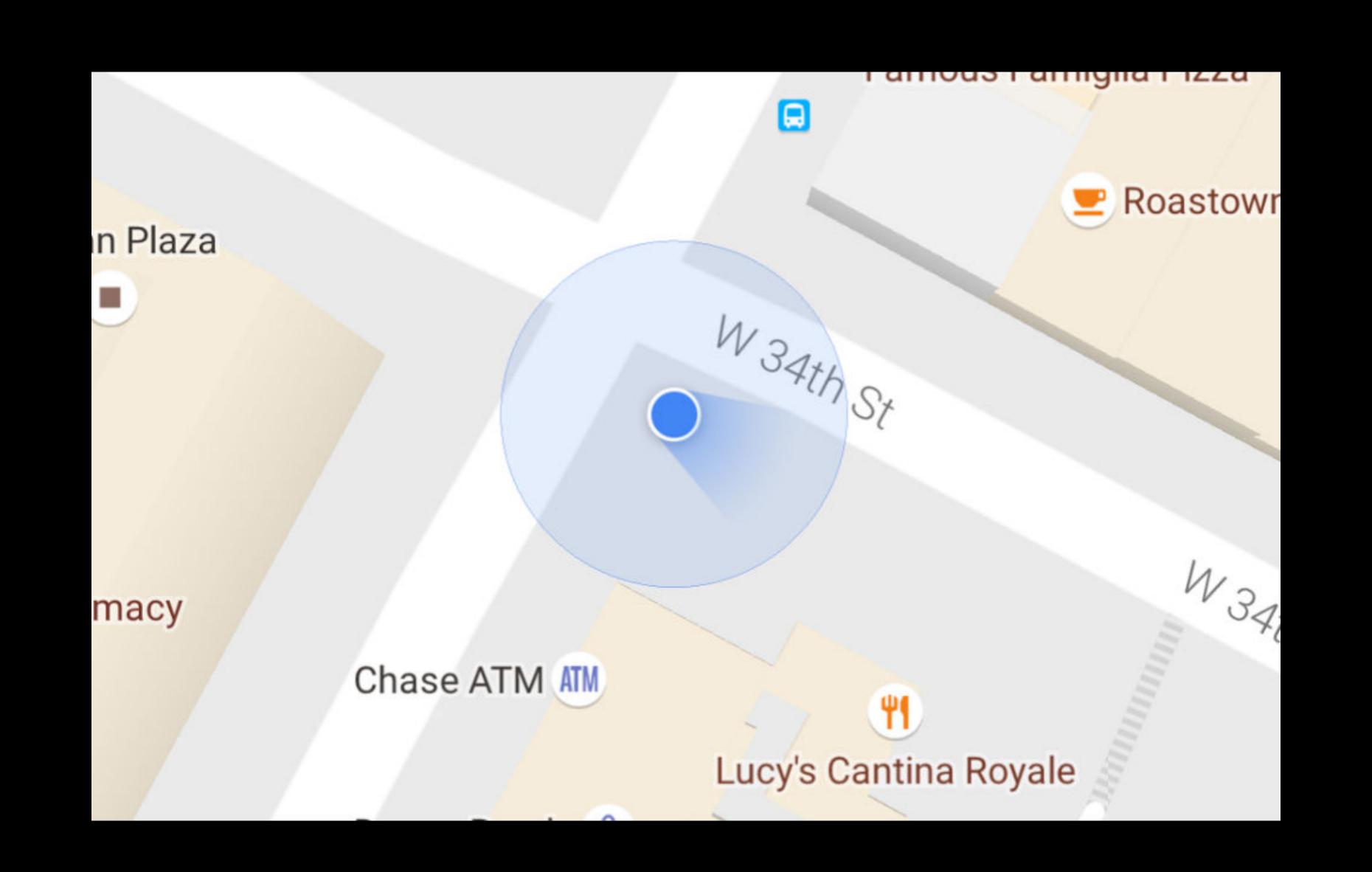
Problems to Solve

Compass
GPS
AR

GPS: Where am 1?



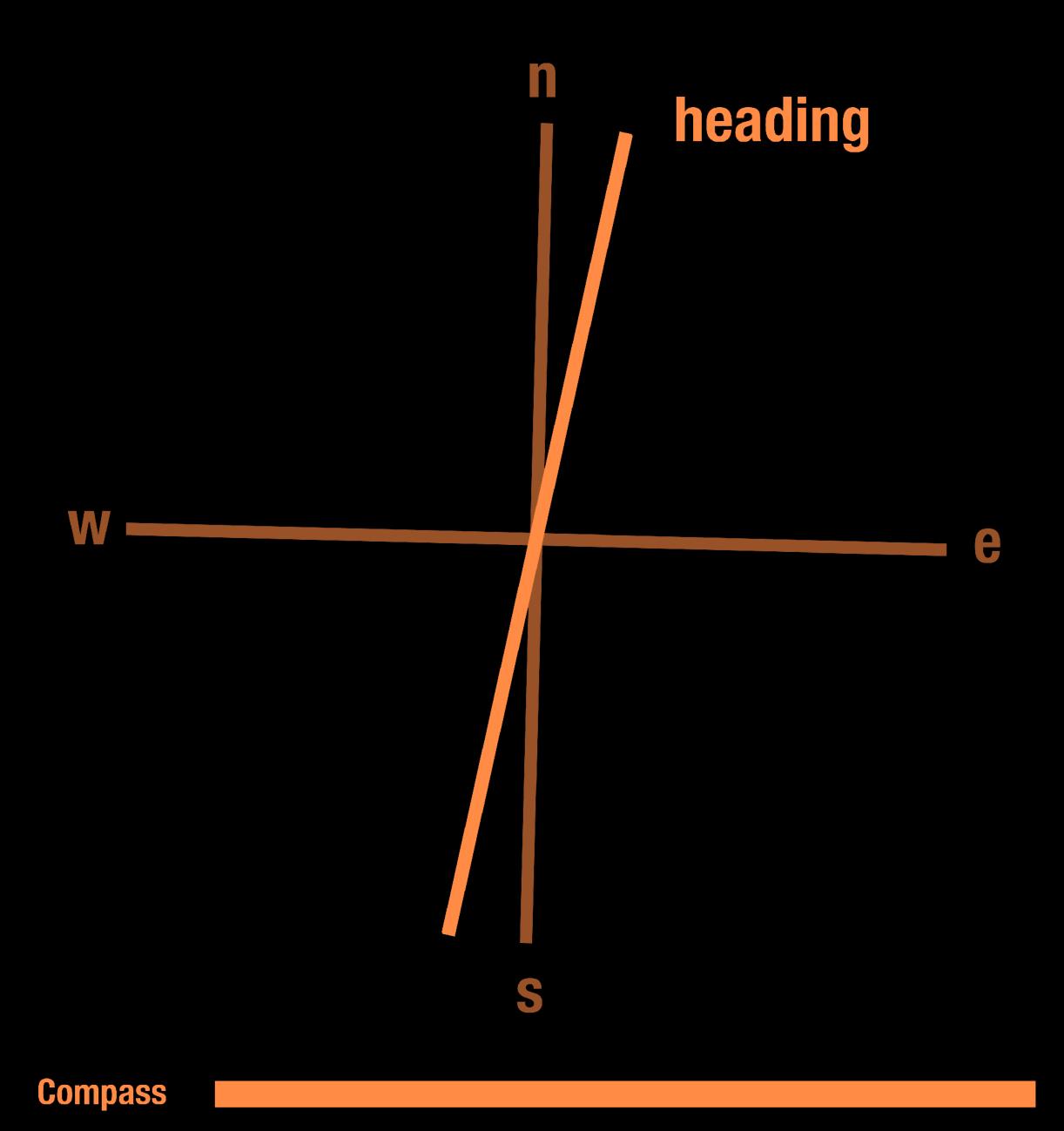


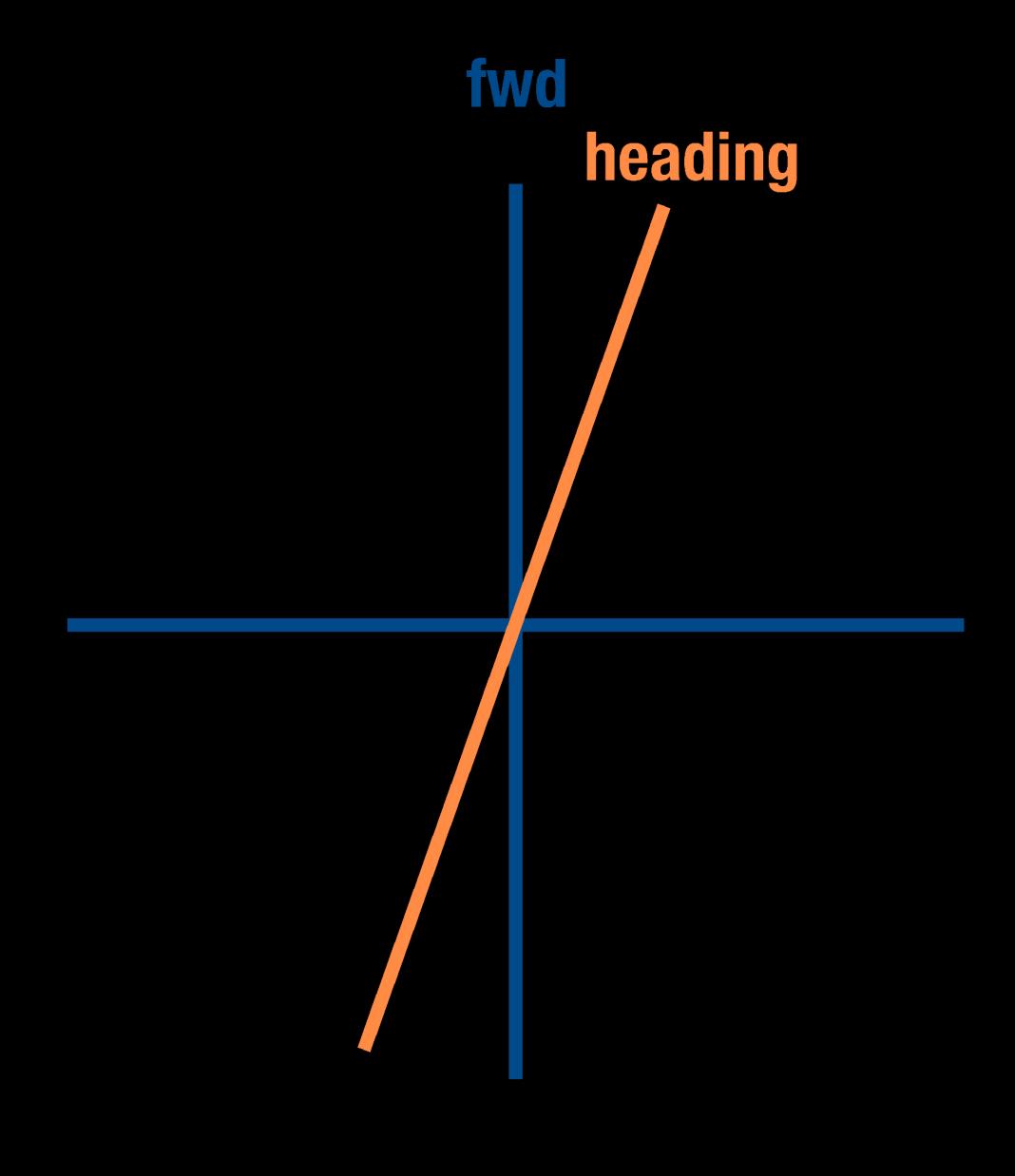


Decide what "good" GPS means for you.

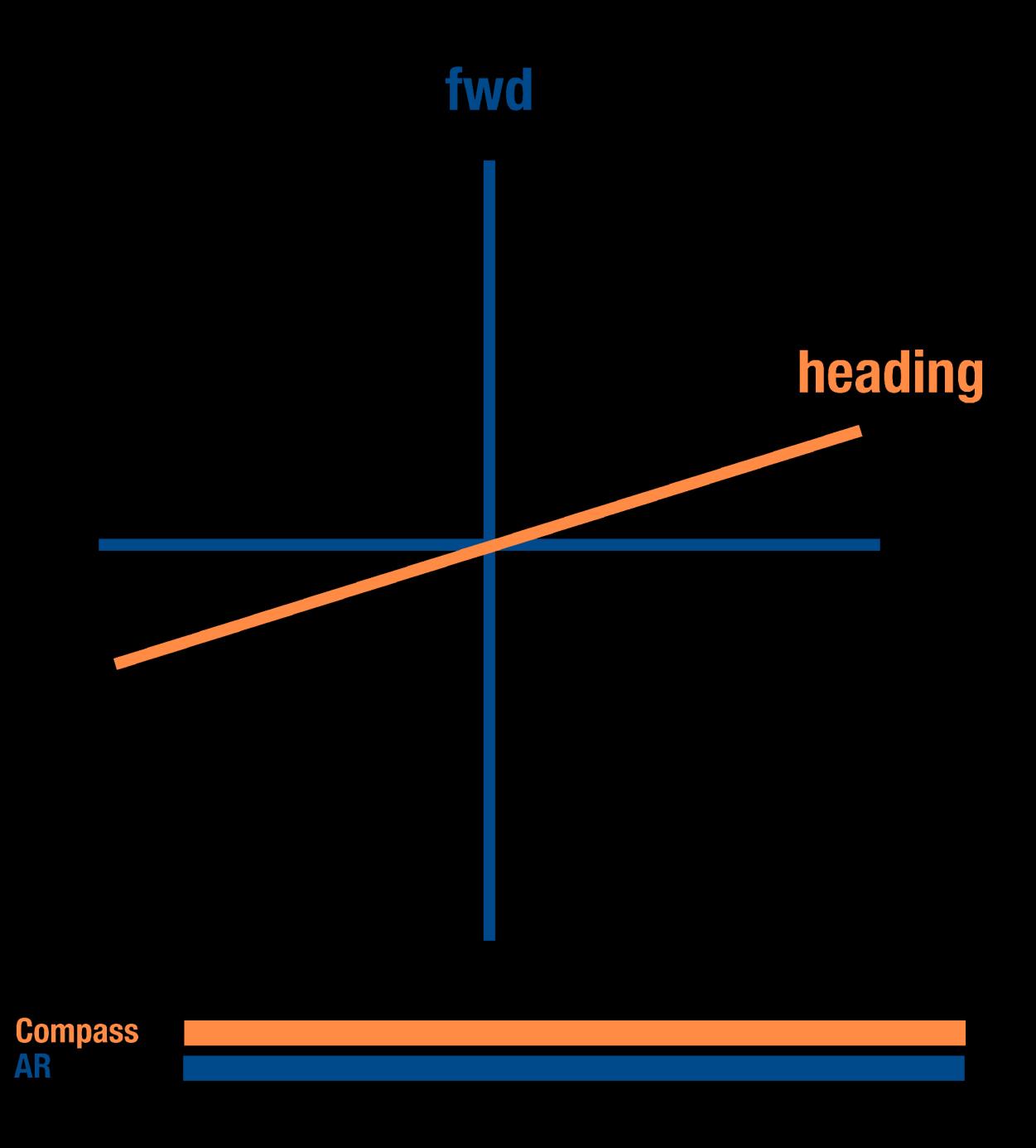
Compass: What am I looking at?

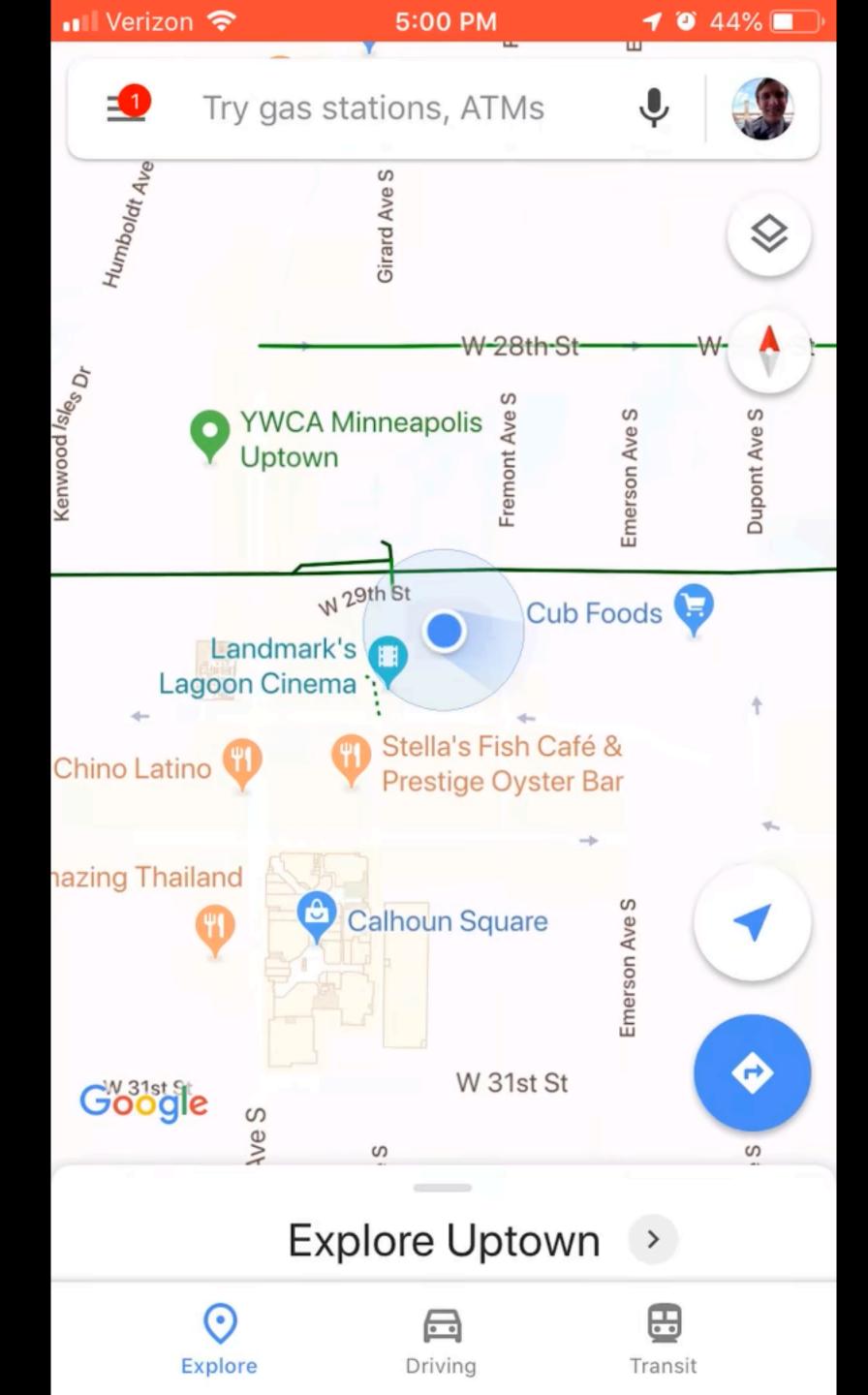
ARKit "solves" this with World Alignment: GravityAndHeading





Compass AR





GravityAndHeading only takes the first compass reading.

Your first compass reading will be abysmal.

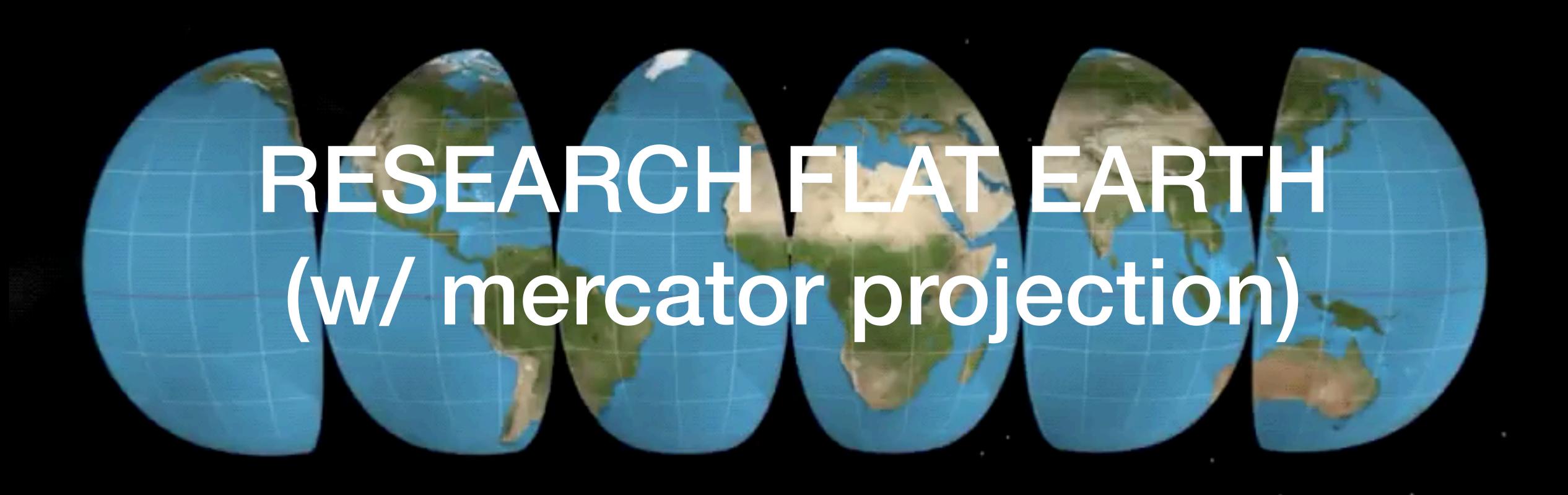
But if you track heading yourself, you can do just fine.

Math: What does it mean?

You'll find yourself relearning a lot of math from a long time ago.

Position

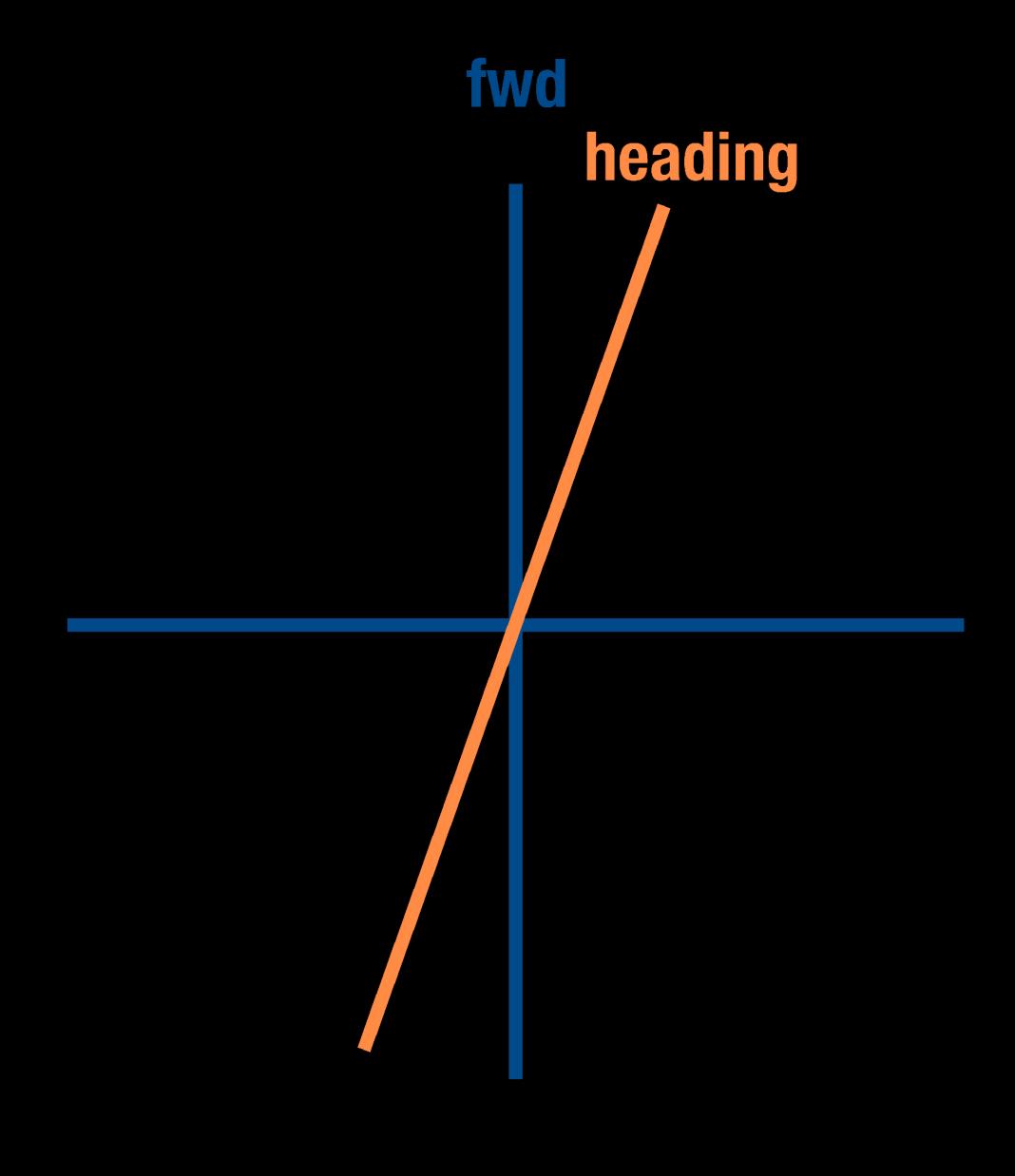
latitude, longitude \Rightarrow x, y



yarn add mercator?

```
const toMercator = (latitude, longitude) => {
 // Convert degrees to radians
  const lon_rad = (longitude / 180.0) * Math.PI;
  const lat_rad = (latitude / 180.0) * Math.PI;
 // WGS84 equatorial radius (tl;dr — how many meters in a radian)
  const sm_a = 6378137.0;
 // Project into meters
  const x = sm_a * lon_rad;
  const y = sm_a * Math.log((Math.sin(lat_rad) + 1) / Math.cos(lat_rad));
  return [x, y];
```

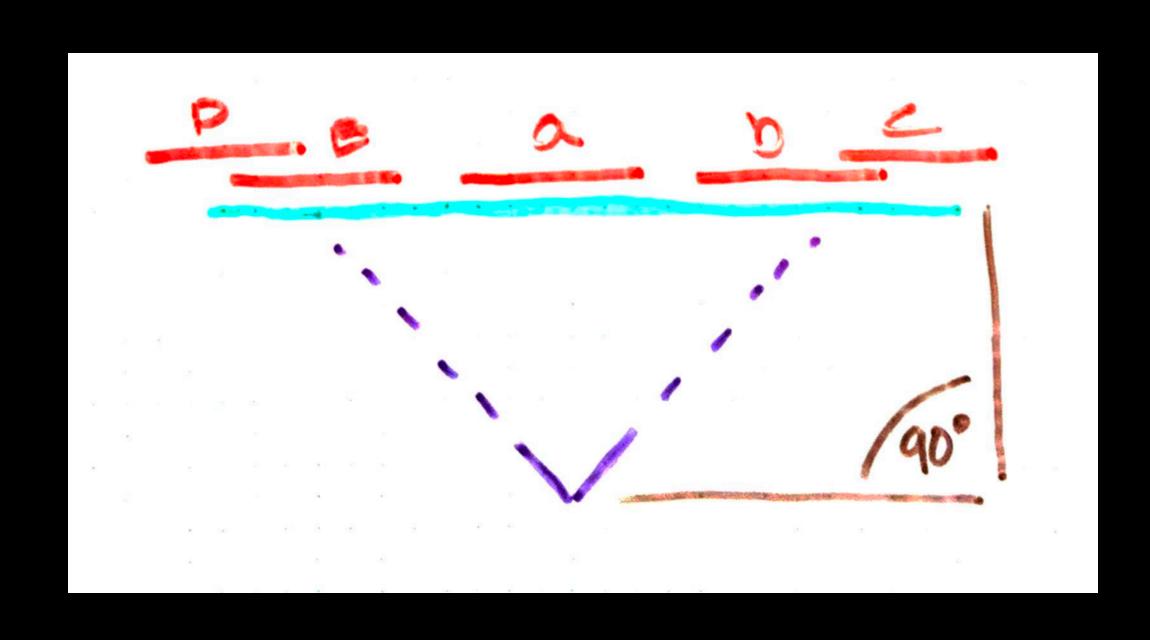
Orientation

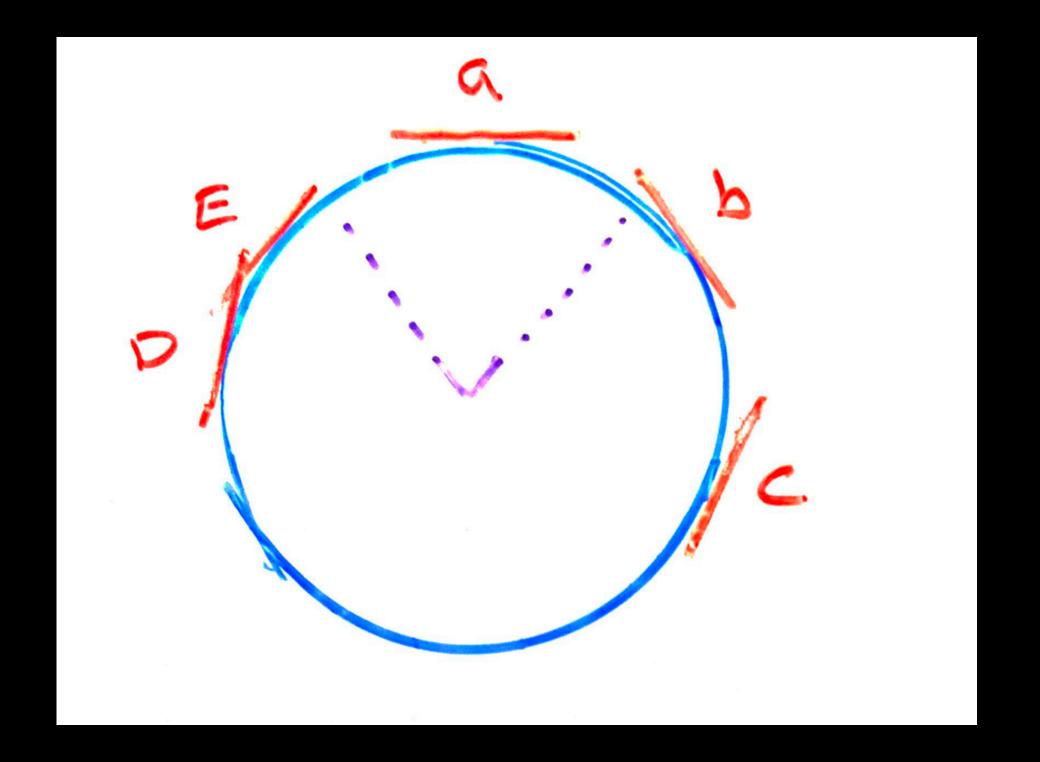


Compass AR

```
const getRotatedPosition = (
  position: [number, number, number],
  originalHeading: number,
  heightAboveGround: number
 => {
  const angle = -originalHeading * (Math.PI / 180);
  const rotatedX =
    position[0] * Math.cos(angle) - position[2] * Math.sin(angle);
  const rotatedZ =
    position[2] * Math.cos(angle) + position[0] * Math.sin(angle);
  return [rotateX, heightAboveGround, rotatedZ];
};
```

Placement





Can you read it? Do objects overlap? Where is it facing?

Next Steps

- Viro Media: viromedia.com
- Snap Lens Studio: lensstudio.snapchat.com
- 6d.ai: 6d.ai
- Three.js: threejs.com

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